

THE VASCULAR DEMENTIA AFTER A UNIC STROKE IN "STRATEGICAL AREAS"

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The identification of vascular dementia implies: the presence of dementia, the cognitive defect must be secondary to a vascular disease and exclusion of another potential origin. The goal of this study was to determine the prevalence of pure vascular dementia as a distinct clinical and anatomico-pathological entity among other types of dementia, at the patients hospitalized in the neurology and psychiatry wards from Braşov city. Among the 313 patients with dementia, hospitalized during 1 January 2004 – 31 July 2005, 22.68% (71 patients) were found with vascular dementia. Among the patients with vascular dementia, 73.24% (52 patients) had multiple deep cerebral infarcts and 26.76% (19 patients) had a single vascular lesion in strategic cerebral locations.
